IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 3 and 7 without prejudice to or disclaimer of the subject matter presented therein. Please amend Claims 1 and 6 as shown below.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a photovoltaic device, comprising steps of:

forming a zinc oxide layer on a substrate at least by electrolytic deposition; subjecting the zinc oxide layer to any one treatment selected from the group consisting of plasma treatment with a rare gas or nitrogen gas, ion irradiation, light irradiation and electromagnetic irradiation; and

forming on the zinc oxide layer a semiconductor layer comprising a non-single crystal silicon material containing hydrogen and having at least one p-i-n junction.

wherein before forming the zinc oxide layer, another zinc oxide layer is formed on the substrate by sputtering and is used as an underlying layer,

wherein an adsorption preventive layer is provided between the zinc oxide

layer and a p- or n-type semiconductor layer provided adjacent to the zinc oxide layer, and

wherein the adsorption preventive layer comprises a non-single crystal

silicon material in which an amount of dopant is decreased compared to the p- or n-type

semiconductor layer provided adjacent to the zinc oxide layer.

2. (Original) The method of producing a photovoltaic device according to claim 1, wherein the treatment is a rare gas plasma treatment using at least one rare gas selected from the group consisting of He, Ne, Ar, Kr and Xe.

3. (Cancelled)

- 4. (Original) The method of producing a photovoltaic device according to claim 1, wherein the average thickness of the zinc oxide layer is from 10 nm to 5 μm inclusive.
- 5. (Original) The method of producing a photovoltaic device according to claim 1, wherein the zinc oxide layer transmits 50% or more of light with a wavelength of 800 nm.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of producing a photovoltaic device according to claim 1, wherein the zinc oxide layer has a resistivity lower than that of [[a]] the p- or n-type semiconductor layer provided adjacent to the zinc oxide layer.

7. (Cancelled)